

# SPC/FFA REGIONAL PURSE SEINE OBSERVER SET DETAILS

**FORM PS - 3**

REV. MAR. 2014

OBSERVER NAME	VESSEL NAME	PAGE _____ OF _____ (SET No.)
OBSERVER TRIP I.D. NUMBER	START OF SET DATE AND TIME OBSERVER: YY MM DD hh mm (see PS-2)	START OF SET DATE AND TIME VESSEL LOG: YY MM DD hh mm

SET SEQUENCE TIMES						
EVENT:	START OF SET (SKIFF OFF)	BEGIN PURSING (WINCH ON)	END PURSING (RINGS UP)	BEGIN BRAILING	END OF BRAILING / SACK ONBOARD	END OF SET (NEXT ACTIVITY START)
TIME:						

SET CATCH DETAILS											
OBSERVER'S BREAKDOWN OF TOTAL TUNA CAUGHT <small>- circle YES or NO for each species</small>										N.B.: these calculations include all the tuna in this catch, whether retained or discarded	
<b>brail capacity</b> ( <input type="text"/> mT x <input type="text"/> ) = <input type="text"/> mT <small>Type 1 brail (see PS-1 form)</small>		<b>sum of all brails</b> ( <input type="text"/> mT x <input type="text"/> ) + ( <input type="text"/> mT x <input type="text"/> ) = <input type="text"/> mT <small>(see PS-4 form)</small>		<b>Total catch</b> less bycatch (see below) = <input type="text"/> mT = <b>Total tuna catch</b> <input type="text"/> mT		<b>SKIP-JACK</b> YES (%) NO YES (%) NO		<b>YELLOWFIN</b> SMALL (< 75 cm) LARGE (> 75 cm) YES (%) NO YES (%) NO		<b>BIGEYE</b> SMALL (< 75 cm) LARGE (> 75 cm) YES (%) NO YES (%) NO	

BY-CATCH (ALL NON-TARGET SPECIES)					TARGET TUNA					
SPECIES CODE	FATE CODE	OBSERVER No. (mT)	VESSEL LOG No. (mT)	COMMENTS	A. OBSERVER estimates of total of each species caught (mT)			SKJ	YFT	BET
					Observer	FATE				
						a. (mT)				
					Vessel	FATE				
						(mT)				
					Observer	FATE				
						b. (mT)				
					Vessel	FATE				
						(mT)				
					Observer	FATE				
						c. (mT)				
					Vessel	FATE				
						(mT)				
Total weight of bycatch: _____ mT					B. OBSERVER totals (mT) discards + RCC (a+b+c): _____					
Comments					Tuna kept onboard for later unload if not RWW	FATE				
						OBS (mT)				
						VES (mT)				
					FATE	RWW	RWW	RWW		
					Due to gear break / bycatch mitigation	ESC	ESC	ESC		
						OBS (mT)				
TAGS - How many Tags were recovered?					estimates	VES (mT)				
						Record species and tag numbers. Fill tag recovery forms!				

FATE CODES			
RWW	Retained - whole weight	DFR	Discarded trunk - fins retained (shark only)
RHG	Retained - headed and gutted (billfish only)	DTS	Discarded - too small (tuna only)
RGG	Retained - gilled and gutted (kept for sale)	DGD	Discarded - gear damage (tuna only)
RPT	Retained - partial (e.g. fillet, loin)	DVF	Discarded - vessel fully loaded
RCC	Retained - crew consumption (onboard)	DUS	Discarded - unwanted species
ROR	Retained - other reason (specify)	DSD	Discarded - shark damage
RFR	Retained trunk - fins retained (shark only)	DWD	Discarded - whale damage
DPA	Discarded SSI - alive	DPA	
DPD	(species of special interest) - dead	DPD	
DPU	- unknown condition	DPU	
DPQ	Discarded - poor quality		
DOR	Discarded - other reasons (specify)		
ESC	= Escaped		

(A PS-3 form **must** be filled out for the first and every set (recorded as *activity code 1* on PS-2) - whether monitored or not, even if a skunk set.) (For the very rare occasion that a set is not monitored the column for the vessel's estimate of catch must still be completed.) (N.B.: A PS-4 form is not required for skunk set.)

<b>OBSERVER NAME</b>	Print first name first and last name last. E.g.: "John Smith" not "Smith John". Print clearly !	
<b>VESSEL NAME</b>	Full unabbreviated name. E.g.: a boat with name "Captain Paul Catchit" should not be abbreviated to Capt. P.Catchit.	
<b>PAGE OF</b>	Number each PS-3 form from start until end of trip. Because one PS-3 is used for every set this is also the set No.	
<b>OBSERVER TRIP ID No.</b>	This number is the same on all forms for a single observer trip.	
<b>START of SET DATE and TIME</b>	<b>Observer (PS-2)</b>	The exact date and time that the observer recorded for this set on the PS-2. Record as year/month/day.
	<b>Vessel (logsheet)</b>	The exact date and time that the vessel has recorded for this set on their PS Log Sheet. Record as year/month/date.
<b>SET SEQUENCE</b>	<b>BEGIN SET (SKIFF OFF)</b>	Exact same time as recorded on the daily log (PS-2) and in the "Observer Start of Set Date and Time" section, above.
	<b>BEGIN PURSING (WINCH ON)</b>	The purse wire will be thrown to the vessel from the skiff, and it will then be attached to the winch. Record the time the winch is switched on.
	<b>END PURSING (RINGS UP)</b>	During the winching, a bunch of rings will come on board. Record the time when the last of the rings appears. This indicates the net has totally enclosed (pursed) the fish and they cannot escape.
	<b>BEGIN BRAILING</b>	Record the time the vessel starts the brailing process. This will have been recorded on the PS-4 form. If there was no brailing just record a dash
	<b>END BRAILING / SACK ONBOARD</b>	Record the time when the vessel finishes brailing. If there was no brailing record the time that the sack was lifted up on to the deck.
	<b>END SET (NEXT ACTIVITY START)</b>	Next activity START marks end of set (no later than 'skiff comes on board'). Record the activity change on PS -2.
<b>SET CATCH DETAILS</b>	<b>TOTAL CATCH and TOTAL TUNA CATCH</b>	
	<b>Brail Capacity</b>	Find on the PS-1. Use to calculate total catch. <b>'Brail capacity' x 'Sum of all brails' = 'TOTAL CATCH'</b>
	<b>Sum of all brails</b>	After calculating the total number of brails on the PS-4 form (for the same set) transfer your answer here.
	Type 1 and Type 2 brails	... if a 2nd brail type is also used for this set samples, estimates of the brail capacity for both brail types must be made. Fill the 'brail capacity' and the 'sum of all brail' fields for both the 'type 1' and the 'type 2' brails. Add calculations of total catch from each brail type together to get a single "TOTAL CATCH" figure. (If there is no 'type 2' brail (which is normal) then simply record a dash in each of the 'type 2' fields and all other calculations will be based only on the 'type 1' brail information that is provided.)
	<b>TOTAL CATCH less bycatch</b>	This is the combined weight of all the (target and bycatch species) fish brought onboard. Calculate the amount of bycatch (in mT) that is in the catch in the bycatch area below and transfer to this field
	<b>TOTAL TUNA CATCH</b>	Subtract the total amount of bycatch from the TOTAL CATCH to get TOTAL TUNA CATCH. This includes all tuna caught whether or not it is later discarded. It does not include tuna that escaped <b>alive</b> from net.
	<b>OBSERVER's BREAKDOWN of TOTAL TUNA CAUGHT</b>	<b>YES or NO</b> YES' or 'NO' <b>must</b> be circled to show if SKJ, small YFT, large YFT, small BET, large BET were even seen in the catch
		<b>%</b> Carefully eye-estimate the <b>percentage of the TOTAL TUNA</b> for each species (+ each size category for YFT and BET) N.B.: % of small (or large) YFT (or BET) is the % of <b>TOTAL TUNA</b> ! NOT % of that species of tuna.
		<b>Number</b> If there are not many large YFT or BET and good estimate of number can be made record number of large YFT (or BET) If a <b>good</b> estimate (counts) is not easy, dash the 'number' field. <b>Do not</b> make a rough estimate !
	<b>BY-CATCH SPECIES CODE</b>	Record every species that lands on deck with the three letter FAO species code.
	<b>FATE CODE</b>	Use fate codes provided to say what happened to each species landed Remember that a species may be split into groups each with a different fate code. <b>REMEMBER</b> - use only one (the best and most informative) code for each line. <b>NEW 2014:</b> Use the SSI FATE CODES FOR ALL SHARKS to indicate 'live' status. Use 'RFR / DFR' in comments if finning observed.
	<b>OBSERVER (mT)</b>	Calculate the amount of each species caught, in each fate code category, using an appropriate assessment technique. Use mT. For instance if 300 kg of Mahi mahi and 40 kg of wahoo were caught - record 0.3 mt DOL /0.04 mt WAH
	<b>Number</b>	Only record a number if an accurate count is possible. Large amounts are recorded in "mT". If possible record both.
<b>VESSEL LOG (mT)</b>	Copy the figures recorded by the ship's officers on the Vessel Logsheet, for this set.	
<b>Number</b>	Place a dash in the column if they have not recorded the species.	
<b>Total weight of bycatch</b>	Calculate from the fields above for observer (important for use in 'Total Tuna' calculation) and vessel bycatch estimates	
<b>TARGET TUNA</b>		
<b>A. OBSERVER estimates of total caught</b>	Calculate the combined large and small <b>%</b> x <b>Total tuna catch</b> for each species (SKJ, YFT and BET)	
<b>FATE</b>	Record fate of discarded tuna or tuna retained for crew consumption (RCC), using fate codes listed at bottom of form	
<b>OBS (mT)</b>	Give a careful approximation (eye-estimate) of the total amount of catch for the relevant fate /species code combination. Record the amounts in metric tonnes.	
<b>VES (mT)</b>	Copy the weight, as recorded for each species in the vessel's logsheet. If nothing is recorded in the logsheet place a dash in the data field. If "0" is recorded on the logsheet record "0" here. <b>Record in metric tonnes.</b> E.g.: If amount on logsheet is in short tons this MUST be converted to metric tonnes.	
<b>B. OBSERVER totals (mT) discards + RCC</b>	For each species add together the mT amounts that are recorded in the rows 'a.', 'b.' and 'c' to get the total of all the discarded and the retained for crew consumption (RCC) combined for that species.	
<b>Tuna kept onboard for later unload</b>	Usually tuna are retained whole weight (RWW). If so then RWW can be calculated as (A. - B.) for each species. If tuna is otherwise retained onboard for later unload (fate = R??) then A. - B. = the combined total of RWW + R??	
<b>Due to gear break / bycatch mitigation</b>	<b>ESC</b>	Best observer estimate of mT of any live tuna that escaped during set. Refer to Captain for any tuna seen escaping via sonar. Include any live tuna escaped from gear breakage or because vessel tries to release important bycatch. N.B. This does not include dead tuna that are released from the net after a breakdown during or after net sac-up = discards.
<b>TAGS</b>	<b>How many tags were recovered ?</b>	Note the number of tags found from in this set. Look out for tags on tuna, billfish, sharks, turtles, birds, etc.
	<b>species and tag numbers</b>	Record <b>tag number</b> and <b>species</b> . Note tag colour, tagging organisation and any unusual features about condition. Fill these and other tag details into the tag recovery form (and GEN-2 form if necessary).