| SPC/FFA REGIONAL PURSE SEINE OBSERVER SET DETAILS FORM PS - 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|------------|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|------------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| REV. AUG. 2017 OBSERVER NAME | | | | | | | VESSEL NAME | | | | | | | | PAGE OF | | | | | |
| | | | | | 1-33-2 | | | | | | | | | | | (SET N | lo) | | | |
| OBSERVER TRIP I.D. NUMBER | | | | | START OF SET DATE AND TIME | | | | | | | | | | Sī | ART | | T DATE AND TIME | | |
| | | | | | OBSERVER: (see PS-2) | | | IM D | D | hh mm | | VESSEL LOG | | | | | YY | MM | DD | hh mm |
| | | | 15-2) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | SET | SEQU | JE | NCE TI | ME | ES | | | | | |
| EVENT: if SSI OBSERVED | | | | (Obs | SET F) | BEGIN PURSING EN | | | END PUF | RSING | ВЕ | BEGIN BRAILING | | | | ND OF BR SACK ONE | | END OF SET (NEXT ACTIVITY STARTS) | | |
| TIME: | | | | | (SKIFF OF | • / | , | | | | | | | | | | <i>57</i> 1011 0112 | | · | |
| THV | IL. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SET CATCH DETAILS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| brail capa | acity sum | of all brai | ls | Total ca | tch | | (| OBSERV | | | | | AL TUNA C | AUG | ЭНТ | | | hese calculation catch, whether | | |
| $\left \begin{array}{ccc} \left(\left & _{\text{mT}} \right \times \left & \right \right) = \left \right \end{array} \right $ | | | | | mT | | SKIP- | | | ١ | WFIN | | | | | | BIGEY | /E | | |
| Type 1 brail less | | | | bycatch (see below) | | | | CK | | SMALL (< 75 cm) | | | ARGE (> 75 cm) | | | | MALL | LARGE (> 75 cm | | cm) |
| (see PS-1 form) (see PS-4 form) + | | | | mT | | | VEC | (%) | • | (%) | VEC | (%) NUMBE | | BFR | , | | 75 cm) (%) | YES | (%) | NUMBER |
| Type 2 brai | | <u> </u> | Total tuna | catch | | YES NO | (70) | YES NO | (70) | YES NO | (/ c | , 110.00 | | | YES | | NO NO | (70) | TOMBER | |
| | mT X | | L | | mT | | 140 | | INO | | NO | | | | | INC | | 140 | | |
| | BY-CAT | ET SPE | CIFS & | ALL S | SILA | NDIN | DINGS) | | Targe | | aet | t Tunas | | | | WITT DET | | | | |
| SPECIES | FATE | | EL LOG | SSI COI | SSI CONDITION | | | ENTS / SSI TREAT | | | A. OBSERV | | | | | SKJ | YFT | BET | | |
| CODE | CODE | (mT) | No. | (mT) | No. | CAUGHT / | DISCARD | COMM | ENIS | / SSI IRI | EAIMEN | | each sp | | cau | ght (r | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Observer | FATE | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ğ | a. (mT) | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Vessel | FATE | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ne Ve | (mT) | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Observer | FATE | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 8 b. (| | | | | | | o. (mT) | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Vessel | FATE | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Ves | | | | | (mT) | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Observer | FATE | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ops | :. (mT) | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Vessel | FATE | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ves | (mT) | | | | | |
| Total weight | of bycatch: | | mT | | mT | | | | | | | | B. OBSE discards | | | | (mT) a+b+c): | | | |
| SPECIES OF SPECIAL INTEREST | | | | | | COMMENTS / SSLIDE ATMENT | | | | | | | | | T | FATE | | | | |
| SPECIES GEAR OBSERVE | | | RVER | CON | | | | | | | | | ╢ | Tuna kept onboard for later unload | if not RWW | OBS (mT) | | | | |
| CODE | CODE | () | 140. | Captured | Released | | | | | | | | | | d for lat | | ES (mT) | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | onboar | | FATE | RWW | RWW | RWW |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | C | BS (mT) | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ES (mT) | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | break gation | ESC | ESC | ESC |
| | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | BS (mT) | | | |
| How ma | ny Tags v | vere rec | - | pecies and tag numbers. covery forms! OBS (I | | | | | | | | | | ES (mT) | | | | | | |
| FATE CODES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RWW Retained - whole weight RHG Retained - headed and gutted (billfish only) RGG Retained - partial (e.g. fillet, loin) RCC Retained - crew consumption (onboard) ROR Retained - other reason (specify) DFR Discarded - too small (tuna only) DFR Discarded - too small (tuna only) DFR Discarded - other reasons (specify) DFR Discarded - other reasons (specify) IEN - Entangled (in geal ESC Escaped IJO - Jumped out (over (use these fate codes for any SSIs landed on deck) DFR DISCARDED - DIS | | | | | | | | | | | | (in gear) ut (over net) ased from net bugh net ulled from net | | | | | | | | |

PURSE SEINE LOG - SET DETAILS Notes on FORM PS-3 (A PS-3 form must be filled out for the first and every set (recorded as activity code 1 on PS-2) - whether monitored or not, even if a skunk set.) (For the very rare occassion that a set is not monitored the column for the vessel's estimate of catch must still be completed.) (N.B.: A PS-4 form is not required for skunk set.) Print first name first and last name last. E.g.: "John Smith" not "Smith John". Full unabbreviated name. E.g.: a boat with name "Captain Paul Catchit" should not be abbreviated to Capt. P.Catchit. VESSEL NAME PAGE OF Number each PS-3 form from start until end of trip. Because one PS-3 is used for every set this is also the set No. START of SET Observer (PS-2) The exact date and time that the observer recorded for this set on the PS-2. Record as year/month/day. DATE and Vessel (logsheet) The exact date and time that the vessel has recorded for this set on their PS Log Sheet. Record as year/month/day. TIME Mark the time the observer first noticed the species of special interest. Only required for SSIs that eventually end up inside the If SSI Observed (Obs Time Sighted) net or were landed (i.e not required for sighted SSIs). Exact same time as recorded on the daily log (PS-2) and in the "Observer Start of Set Date and Time" section. **BEGIN SET (SKIFF OFF)** The purse wire will be thrown to the vessel from the skiff, and it will then be attached to the winch. BEGIN PURSING (WINCH ON) SEQUENCE Record the time the winch is switched on. During the winching, a bunch of rings will come on board. Record the time when the last of the rings appears. END PURSING (RINGS UP) This indicates the net has totally enclosed (pursed) the fish and they cannot escape. Record the time the vessel starts the brailing process. This will have been recorded on the PS-4 form. If there was no brailing **BEGIN BRAILING** just record a dash.

Record the time when the vessel finishes brailing. If there was no brailing record the time that the sack was lifted up on to the END BRAILING / SACK ONBOARD END SET (NEXT ACTIVITY START) Next activity START marks end of set (no later than 'skiff comes on board'). Record the activity change on PS -2. TOTAL CATCH and TOTAL TUNA CATCH **Brail Capacity** Find on the PS-1. Use to calcualte total catch. 'Brail capacity' x 'Sum of all brails' = 'TOTAL CATCH' Sum of all brails After calculating the total number of brails on the PS-4 form (for the same set) transfer your answer here. ... if a 2nd brail type is also used for this set samples, estimates of the brail capacity for both brail types must be made. Type 1 Fill the 'brail capacity' and the 'sum of all brail' fields for both the 'type 1' and the 'type 2' brails. and Add calculations of total catch from each brail type together to get a single "TOTAL CATCH" figure. (If there is no 'type 2' brail (which is normal) then simply record a dash in each of the 'type 2' fields Type 2 brails and all other calculations will be based only on the 'type 1' brail information that is provided.) TOTAL CATCH This is the combined weight of all the (target and bycatch species) fish brought onboard. Calculate the amount of bycatch (in mT) that is in the catch in the bycatch area below and transfer to this field. less bycatch Subtract the total amount of bycatch from the TOTAL CATCH to get TOTAL TUNA CATCH. TOTAL TUNA CATCH This includes all tuna caught whether or not it is later discarded. It does not include tuna that escaped alive from net. YES or NO YES' or 'NO' must be circled to show if SKJ, small YFT, large YFT, small BET, large BET were even seen in the catch. OBSERVER'S Carefully eye-estimate the percentage of the TOTAL TUNA for each species (+ each size category for YFT and BET) BREAKDOWN of % DETAILS TOTAL TUNA N.B.: % of small (or large) YFT (or BET) is the % of TOTAL TUNA! NOT % of that species of tuna. CAUGHT If there are not many large YFT or BET and good estimate of number can be made record number of large YFT (or BET) Number If a **good** estimate (counts) is not easy, dash the 'number' field. Do not make a rough estimate! CAPTURE **BY-CATCH** Record every species that lands on deck with the three letter FAO species code.

In the normal manner, record any SSIs that land on deck, estimate total weight and number. Fill in a condition code to indicate the SPECIES CODE FOR SPECIES OF SPECIAL status of the SSI when landed and when discarded/ released. Note SSIs cannot be kept onboard (injured turtle may be while INTEREST recorvering). Use a second line if different condition codes for same species (i.e. Landed: 10 FAL A1, 5 FAL A3). These landed SSIs 1. (under 'Bycatch - all non-target CATCH are no longer recorded on Gen-2 form. Describe interaction / Treatment / Release in comments, journal, report. Use new PS 4 sample species & all SSI landings) type - 'other' to record length and sex of landed SSIs.

Record any SSIs you see inside or touching the primary gear (net), but are not subsequently landed onto the deck in this area. 2. (under SSI 'Interactions with Use the new gear interaction codes instead of the normal fate codes in this area. Record their condition (A0- alive, A1- alive and healthy, A2 - alive injured, A3 - alive but dying, D - Dead, U - unknown) under the Condition data fields, for when first primary gear- not landed) observed as captured and when released 3. Comment / SSI Treatment Add some notes on how the vessel handled or treated the SSI. Example -'released by lowering net etc'. Use fate codes provided to say what happened to each species landed Use 1 line per species/fate group. FATE CODE Eg: RRU RWW 2 mT Remember that a species may be split into groups each with a different fate code. RRU DTS 0.5 mT **REMEMBER** - use only one (the best and most informative) code for each line. Calculate the amount of each species caught, in each fate code category, using an appropriate assessment technique. OBSERVER (mT) Use mT. For instance if 300 kg of Mahi mahi and 40 kg of wahoo were caught - record 0.3 mt DOL/0.04 mt WAH. Only record a number if an accurate count is possible. Large amounts are recorded in "mT". If possible record both. Number (mT) Copy the figures recorded by the ship's officers on the Vessel Logsheet, for this set. VESSEL LOG Place a dash in the column if they have not recorded the species. Number Calculate from the fields above for observer (important for use in 'Total Tuna' calculation) and vessel bycatch estimates. Total weight of bycatch TARGET TUNA Calculate the combined large and small $\frac{9}{6}$ x Total tuna catch for each species (SKJ, YFT and BET) A. OBSERVER estimates of total caught Record fate of discarded tuna or tuna retained for crew consumption (RCC), using fate codes listed at bottom of form. FATE Give a careful approximation (eye-estimate) of the total amount of catch for the relevant fate /species code combination. OBS (mT) Record the amounts in metric tonnes. Copy the weight, as recorded for each species in the vessel's logsheet. VES (mT) If nothing is recorded in the logsheet place a dash in the data field. If "0" is recorded on the logsheet record "0" here. B. OBSERVER totals (mT) For each species add together the mT amounts that are recorded in the rows 'a.', 'b.' and 'c' to get the total of all the discarded discards + RCC and the retained for crew consumption (RCC) combined for that species. Tuna kept onboard for later $\label{eq:second-control} \text{Usually tuna are retained whole weight (RWW)}. \ \, \text{If so then RWW can be calculated as } \ \, \text{(A. - B.)} \ \, \text{for each species.}$ unload If tuna is otherwise retained onboard for later unload (fate = R??) then A. - B. = the combined total of RWW + R??

Best observer estimate of mT of any live tuna that escaped during set. Refer to Captain for any tuna seen escaping via sonar. Due to gear break / bycatch ESC Include any live tuna escaped from gear breakage or because vessel trys to release important bycatch. N.B. This does not mitigation include dead tuna that are released from the net after a breakdown during or after net sac-up = discards. How many tags were Note the number of tags found during this set. Look out for tags on tuna, billfish, sharks, turtles, birds, etc. recovered? species and tag numbers Record tag number and species. Note tag colour, tagging organisation and any unusual features about condition. Fill these and other tag details into the tag recovery form.